

# BABEL

## Super Methods

### Calling up the Evolutionary Tree

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# What is a Super Method?

- Look! Up in the sky! It's a bird! It's a ....
- OOP languages provide a way of calling overwritten super class methods.
- 'Super Class Method' = 'Super Method.'
- In Java, the syntax is:
  - `super.foo()`

# Motivation

- Super methods allow code reuse.
- Provides a way of accessing parent data.
- It was sitting around half completed.

# How is it done?

- Supers may only be called from the Impls.
- Every binding is different.
- The IOR already has super tables and data.
- An IOR function gives us the vtable for just the first super class.
- We call on that vtable with the current object.
- We only generate **OVERWRITTEN** methods.

# How is it done? (example)

Class C inherits from B, which inherits from A.

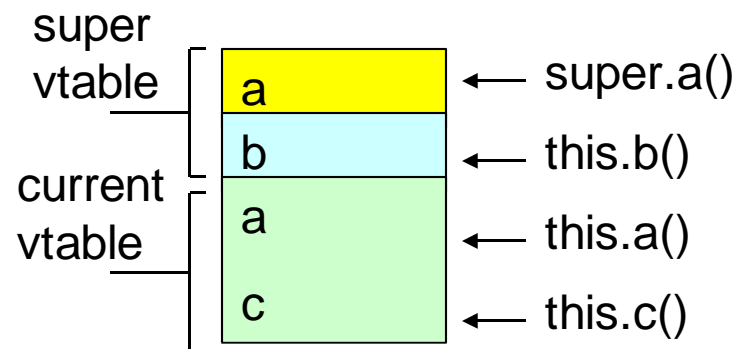
A defines method a, B defines method b.

C defines method c, and overwrites method a.

Class Hierarchy



Virtual Function Table



# How to call supers in C

- If we want to call super.a() from C\_Impl.c (as shown in our example) we would:
- Prefix 'super\_' to the super method:

```
char* impl_C_a(C self) {  
/* DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.begin(C.a) */  
    char* ret = super_a(self);  
    return ret;  
/* DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.end(C.a) */
```

# How to call supers in Cxx/UCxx

- Prefix 'super.' to the super method:

```
::std::string C_impl::a () throw () {  
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.begin(C.a)  
    ::std::string ret = super.a();  
    return ret;  
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.end(C.a)  
}
```

# How to call supers in Fortran 77

Fully qualify the super method with: `class_super_name_f()`

```
subroutine C_a_fi(self, retval)
  implicit none
C   in C self
  integer*8 self
C   out string retval
  character*(*) retval

C   DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.begin(C.a)
  call C_super_a_f(self, retval)
C   DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.end(C.a)
end
```



# How to call supers in Fortran 90

- Prefix 'super\_' to the super method:

```
recursive subroutine C_a_mi(self, retval)
  use C
  use C_impl
  implicit none
  type(C_t) :: self ! in
  character (len=*) :: retval ! out

  ! DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.begin(C.a)
  call super_a(self, retval)
  ! DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.end(C.a)
end subroutine C_a_mi
```

# How to call supers in Java

- Prefix 'super\_' to the super method:

```
public java.lang.String a_Impl ()
{
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.begin(C.a)
    java.lang.String ret = super_a();
    return ret;
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.end(C.a)
}
```

# Conclusion

- Supers should ease working with Babel when Impls contain data.
- Make Babel more OOP!
- Unfortunately, Python does not yet work.  
(delayed)